

## Bloodborne Pathogens Quiz

**1. Which of the steps below are important when cleaning up blood or body fluids that may contain blood? You may select more than one.**

- Follow contact time recommendations for the chosen disinfectant.
- Disinfect using a fresh bleach solution or other disinfectant.
- Remove as much of the spill as possible.
- Wear appropriate PPE to protect yourself.

**2. If you have been exposed to blood or potentially infectious materials at work, what actions should you take? Place these steps in the correct order.**

Choice	Correct Order
Complete a follow-up evaluation	
Wash or flush the affected body part	
Report the exposure to a supervisor	

**3. How should you dispose of contaminated sharps, such as glass or needles that have come into contact with blood?**

- Place them in a closable, puncture-resistant container in the trash.
- Put them in an appropriate sharps container.
- Throw them in the trash with all the other garbage.
- Put them in a red bag in the trash.

**4. Transmission of bloodborne pathogens in the workplace may occur due to:**

- Accidental puncture - a sharp, contaminated object punctures your skin
- Broken skin - infected blood or body fluids come into contact with your already broken or damaged skin
- Body openings - infected material comes into contact with your eyes, nose or mouth
- All of the above

**5. The hepatitis B vaccine is 95% effective in preventing infection from the hepatitis B virus.**

- True
- False

**6. If you are exposed to possible bloodborne pathogens at work, you will receive a confidential medical exam and follow-up evaluation.**

- True
- False

**7. Bloodborne pathogens can be transmitted by sharing equipment, toilets and water fountains.**

- True
- False

**8. What actions can you take at work to help keep yourself safe from bloodborne pathogens?**

- Attend annual training on bloodborne pathogens
- Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)
- Follow universal precautions any time you might be exposed to a bloodborne pathogen
- All of the above

**9. Bloodborne pathogens are disease-causing microorganisms that are present in:**

- Human blood and body fluids that may contain blood
- Sweat, tears and saliva
- River water and certain kinds of soil
- None of the above

**10. If you wear gloves while cleaning up body fluids, you should still wash your hands afterwards.**

- True
- False